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| --- | --- |
| **COUNTING BACK FACTS** | **COUNTING UP FACTS** |
| When do I use this strategy?  When the subtrahend is 1, 2, or 3  Example:  12 – 3 = 9  (minuend) (subtrahend) (difference) | When do I use this strategy?  When the minuend and subtrahend are close to each other  Example:  12 – 9 = 3  (minuend) (subtrahend) (difference) |
| Which facts are these kind?  1 – 1 2 – 1 3 – 1 4 – 1 5 – 1  6 – 1 7 – 1 8 – 1 9 – 1 10 – 1  2 – 2 3 – 2 4 – 2 5 – 2 6 – 2  7 – 2 8 – 2 9 – 2 10 – 2 11- 2  3 – 3 4 – 3 5 – 3 6 – 3 7 – 3  8 – 3 9 – 3 10 – 3 11 – 3 12 – 3 | Which facts are these kind?  7 – 4 8 – 5 9 – 6 10 – 7 11 – 8  12 – 9 6 – 4 7 – 5 8 – 6 9 – 7  10 – 8 11 – 9 5 – 4 6 – 5 7 – 6  8 – 7 9 – 8 10 – 9 |

SUBTRACTION STRATEGIES